



# ***STIC Search Report***

## ***Biotech-Chem Library***

**STIC Database Tracking Number: 145987**

**TO: Kahsay Habte**  
**Location: rem/5c18/5c15**  
**Art Unit: 1624**  
**Monday, March 07, 2005**

**Case Serial Number: 10/715226**

**From: Alex Waclawiw**  
**Location: Biotech-Chem Library**  
**Rem 1A71**  
**Phone: 272-2534**

**[Alexandra.waclawiw@uspto.gov](mailto:Alexandra.waclawiw@uspto.gov)**

### **Search Notes**

## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Kahsay Habb Examiner #: 78271 Date: 2/23/05  
 Art Unit: 1624 Phone Number: 2-0667 Serial Number: 10715226  
 Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: 5C-18 5015 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of invention: \_\_\_\_\_

Inventors (please provide full names): \_\_\_\_\_

Earliest Priority Filing Date: \_\_\_\_\_

\*For Sequence Searches Only\* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

please search the processes in claims 1-7  
 (A method for synthesizing [7-(dipropylamino)phenylthiazin  
 3-ylidene] dipropylamine)

See attached for more info.

## STAFF USE ONLY

Point of Contact:  
 Searcher: Alexandra Wacławiw  
 Technical Info. Specialist  
 Searcher Phone: 0M1 6A02 Tel: 308-4491

## Type of Search

NA Sequence (#) \_\_\_\_\_  
 AA Sequence (#) \_\_\_\_\_

## Vendors and cost where applicable

STN 239  
 Dialog \_\_\_\_\_

habte 10/715,226

=> d his

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:59:06 ON 07 MAR 2005)

DEL HIS Y

L1 3 S 2508.272/RID AND C24H34N3S

SAVE L1 TEMP HABTE/A

L2 1 S 261-89-2

E DIPROPLYAMINE

E DIPROPLYAMINE/CN

L3 20039 S C6H15N

L4 125 S L3 AND DIPROPYL

L5 1 S 142-84-7

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:05:36 ON 07 MAR 2005

L6 4 S L1

L7 10 S L2/D

habte 10/715,226

=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:06:53 ON 07 MAR 2005  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file  
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 MAR 2005 HIGHEST RN 842949-55-7  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 MAR 2005 HIGHEST RN 842949-55-7

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

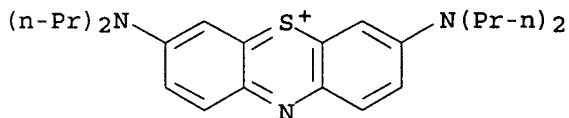
Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more  
information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer  
to the file summary sheet on the web at:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=> d que l1

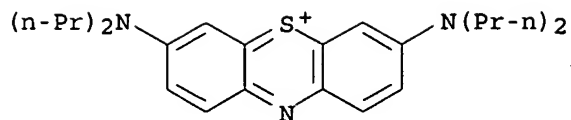
L1 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 2508.272/RID AND C24H34N3S

=> d l1 1-4

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
RN 747403-52-7 REGISTRY  
CN Phenothiazin-5-ium, 3,7-bis(dipropylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS 3D CONCORD  
MF C24 H34 N3 S  
CI COM  
SR CA



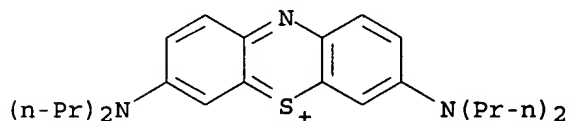
L1 ANSWER 2 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
RN 439119-95-6 REGISTRY  
CN Phenothiazin-5-ium, 3,7-bis(dipropylamino)-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
MF C24 H34 N3 S . I  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL  
DT.CA Caplus document type: Journal; Patent  
RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PRP (Properties); USES  
(Uses)  
RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation);  
PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)  
CRN (747403-52-7)



● I<sup>-</sup>

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L1 ANSWER 3 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
RN 119150-13-9 REGISTRY  
CN 3H-Phenothiazine, 7-dipropylamino-3-propylimino-, propochloride (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
MF C24 H34 N3 S . Cl  
SR CAOLD  
LC STN Files: CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS  
DT.CA Caplus document type: Journal  
RL.NP Roles from non-patents: NORL (No role in record)  
CRN (747403-52-7)



● Cl<sup>-</sup>

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> d que 12

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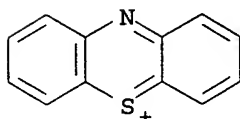
=> d 12

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
RN 261-89-2 REGISTRY  
CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER NAMES:  
CN Phenazathionium  
CN Phenothiazinium  
FS 3D CONCORD  
MF C12 H8 N S  
CI COM, RPS  
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER,

USPAT2, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

DT.CA Caplus document type: Journal; Patent  
 RL.P Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study);  
 USES (Uses)  
 RLD.P Roles for non-specific derivatives from patents: BIOL (Biological  
 study); PREP (Preparation); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or  
 reagent); USES (Uses)  
 RL.NP Roles from non-patents: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC  
 (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 RLD.NP Roles for non-specific derivatives from non-patents: BIOL (Biological  
 study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation); USES  
 (Uses)



16 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
 10 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 16 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> fil caplus

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:07:14 ON 07 MAR 2005

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Mar 2005 VOL 142 ISS 11

FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Mar 2005 (20050306/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'CAPLUS' FILE

=> d que 16

L1 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 2508.272/RID AND C24H34N3S  
 L6 4 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L1

=> d que 17

L2 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 261-89-2  
 L7 10 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2/D

=> d l6 .ca hitstr l6 1-4;d .ca hitstr l7 1-10  
L6 IS NOT VALID HERE

COMMAND STACK INTERRUPTED. ENTER "DISPLAY HISTORY"  
TO SEE WHICH COMMANDS WERE EXECUTED.

=> d l6 .ca hitstr 1-4;d .ca hitstr l7 1-10

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:538494 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:70826

TITLE: A comparative analysis of phenothiazinium salts for  
the photosensitisation of murine fibrosarcoma (RIF-1)  
cells in vitro

AUTHOR(S): Walker, Ian; Gorman, Stephen A.; Cox, Russell D.;  
Vernon, David I.; Griffiths, John; Brown, Stanley B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Centre for Photobiology and Photodynamic Therapy,  
School of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Leeds,  
LS2 9JT, UK

SOURCE: Photochemical & Photobiological Sciences (2004), 3(7),  
653-659

CODEN: PPSHCB; ISSN: 1474-905X

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 06 Jul 2004

AB Photodynamic therapy (PDT) is a treatment combining a photosensitizer,  
mol. oxygen and visible light of characteristic wavelength to produce  
cytotoxic reactive oxygen species (ROS). Within our center, a series of  
phenothiazinium salts were synthesized and initial characterization  
studies performed to determine any potential use for PDT. All photosensitizers  
within the series were shown to have useful spectral properties for PDT,  
with absorbance  $\lambda_{max}$  above 667 nm. The Log P values of the compds.  
were shown to range from -0.9 to > +2.0. Furthermore, Log P values were  
shown to be important in determining the site of subcellular localization and

as such the site of photooxidative damage. Derivs. with a Log P value of  
greater than +1.0 were shown to initially localize to the lysosomes then  
relocalize throughout the cytoplasm following illumination, whereas  
compds. with intermediate Log P values (-0.7 to +1.0) all remained  
lysosomal. Only methylene blue (Log P -0.9) was shown to redistribute to  
the nucleus upon illumination. Following treatment of RIF-1 cells with  
each phenothiazinium salt for 1 h and subsequent exposure to 665 nm laser  
light at a fluence rate of 10 mW cm<sup>-2</sup> (18 J cm<sup>-2</sup>), it was determined that the  
most potent photosensitizer was 260-fold more potent than methylene blue.  
Furthermore, the PDT efficacy of the photosensitizers was shown to be  
related to the level of mitochondrial damage induced directly following  
illumination.

CC 8-9 (Radiation Biochemistry)

IT 61-73-4, Methylene blue 439119-95-6 813463-01-3 813463-02-4  
813463-03-5 813463-04-6 813463-05-7 813463-06-8 813463-07-9  
813463-08-0

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT  
(Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comparative anal. of phenothiazinium salts for photosensitization of  
fibrosarcoma)

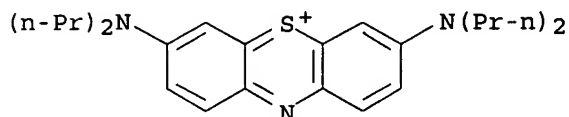
IT 439119-95-6

habte 10/715,226

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(comparative anal. of phenothiazinium salts for photosensitization of fibrosarcoma)

RN 439119-95-6 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium, 3,7-bis(dipropylamino)-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● I<sup>-</sup>

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:927420 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:16590

TITLE: Biologically active methylene blue derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Brown, Stanley Beames; O'Grady, Cassandra Claire; Griffiths, John; Mellish, Kirste Joanne; Tunstall, Richard George; Roberts, David John Howard; Vernon, David Ian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Photopharmica Limited, UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002096896	A1	20021205	WO 2002-GB2278	20020530
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
NZ 529682	A	20031219	NZ 2002-529682	20020530
EP 1392666	A1	20040303	EP 2002-726300	20020530
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
BR 2002009783	A	20040420	BR 2002-9783	20020530
JP 2005500271	T2	20050106	JP 2003-500075	20020530
US 2004147508	A1	20040729	<u>US 2003-723420</u>	20031126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 2001-13121	A 20010530



habte 10/715,226

GB 2001-23945  
WO 2002-GB2278

A 20011005  
W 20020530

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:16590

ED Entered STN: 06 Dec 2002

AB This invention relates to biol. active photosensitizers which are strongly photocytotoxic and have application in the areas of photodynamic therapy, as well as for the diagnosis and detection of medical conditions, in the treatment of microbial infections, in photodisinfection and photosterilization. The examples provided are of methylene blue and its Et, Pr, Bu, pentyl and hexyl analogs. The latter compds. have antimicrobial and antitumor activity. Methylene blue analogs are suitable for inclusion in polymers such as cellulose triacetate, for adsorption on polymer surfaces, and for covalent attachment to polymer substrates. The analogs and derivs. are also suitable for use on medical devices and in food processing.

IC ICM C07D279-18  
ICS A61K031-5415; A61P035-00; A61P031-04

CC 63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)  
Section cross-reference(s): 8, 10, 17

IT 61-73-4, Methylene blue 58083-81-1, Ethylene blue 439119-95-6  
439119-96-7 439119-97-8 439119-98-9

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(methylene blue derivs. and analogs as photosensitizers in photodynamic therapy and photodisinfection)

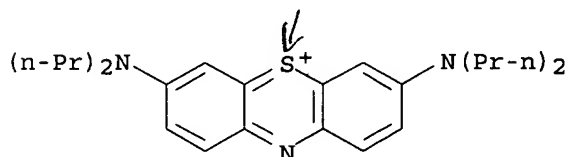
IT 439119-95-6

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(methylene blue derivs. and analogs as photosensitizers in photodynamic therapy and photodisinfection)

RN 439119-95-6 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium, 3,7-bis(dipropylamino)-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● I -

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:322672 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:59603

TITLE: In vitro photodynamic activity of a series of methylene blue analogues

AUTHOR(S): Mellish, Kirste J.; Cox, Russell D.; Vernon, David I.; Griffiths, John; Brown, Stanley B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Centre for Photobiology and Photodynamic Therapy, University of Leeds, Leeds, LS2 9JT, UK

SOURCE: Photochemistry and Photobiology (2002), 75(4), 392-397  
 CODEN: PHCBAP; ISSN: 0031-8655  
 PUBLISHER: American Society for Photobiology  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002

AB We have synthesized a series of sym. phenothiazines in which the Me groups of methylene blue have been substituted by longer alkyl chains. Intrinsic photosensitizing ability was not altered by increasing the chain length. However, in vitro phototoxicity after 2 h incubation of RIF-1 murine fibrosarcoma cells followed the order Pr > n-pentyl > Bu > n-hexyl > Et > Me, with Et and Pr analogs being 14- and 130-fold more phototoxic than methylene blue, resp. All analogs also had an improved ratio of phototoxicity: dark toxicity (4:1 to 27:1) compared with methylene blue (3:1). Phototoxicity did not correlate with cellular phenothiazine levels, suggesting that the site of subcellular localization may be more important. After 2 h incubation of RIF-1 cells with the phototoxicity LD50 concentration, methylene blue and all analogs were observed to be localized in the lysosomes by fluorescence microscopy. On exposure to light, methylene blue relocated to the nucleus, the Et analog did not relocate, whereas the more phototoxic n-Pr-n-hexyl analogs relocated to the mitochondria. Relocalization to the mitochondria was associated with an octanol: buffer partition coefficient  $\geq 1$ . Therefore, the longer-chain analogs of methylene blue show significantly improved phototoxicity in vitro and, in addition, are expected to avoid the problems of mutagenicity associated with

the nuclear localization of methylene blue.

CC 8-9 (Radiation Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

IT 439119-93-4P 439119-95-6P 439119-96-7P 439119-97-8P  
 439119-98-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(in vitro photodynamic activity of methylene blue analogs)

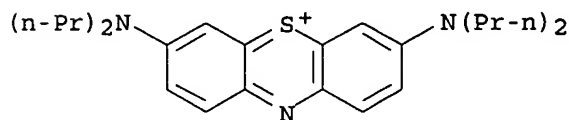
IT 439119-95-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(in vitro photodynamic activity of methylene blue analogs)

RN 439119-95-6 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium, 3,7-bis(dipropylamino)-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

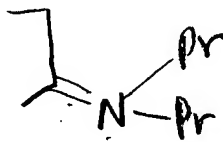
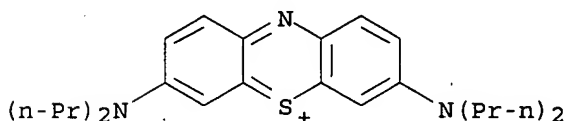


REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

habte 10/715,226

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:28332 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 55:28332  
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 55:5633e-g  
TITLE: Chromatographic separation and isolation of  
metachromatic thiazine dyes  
AUTHOR(S): Taylor, Kenneth B.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Bristol, UK  
SOURCE: Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry (1960), 8,  
248-57  
CODEN: JHCYAS; ISSN: 0022-1554  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001  
AB Methods were given for the chromatographic separation of 22 N-alkylthionines  
together with Rf equivs. and absorption maximum Alkyl groups were Me, Et,  
Pr, or combinations thereof. Com. preps. of the Azure dyes A, B, and C  
were each separated into methylene blue, tri-, di-, and monomethylthionine  
fractions. Wright's and Leishman's stains were separated into the above  
fractions plus methylene violet.  
CC 11B (Biological Chemistry: Methods)  
IT 61-73-4, Methylene blue 2391-29-9, 3H-Phenothiazine,  
7-dimethylamino-3-(ethylimino)-, ethochloride 98363-53-2,  
3H-Phenothiazine, 7-dimethylamino-3-(ethylimino)-, methochloride  
108602-20-6, 3H-Phenothiazine, 7-diethylamino-3-(ethylimino)-,  
ethochloride 109475-90-3, 3H-Phenothiazine, 7-ethylamino-3-methylimino-  
methochloride 110489-30-0, 3H-Phenothiazine, 3-(ethylimino)-7-  
(ethylmethylamino)-, ethochloride 111415-23-7, 3H-Phenothiazine,  
3-(ethylimino)-7-(ethylmethylamino)-, methochloride 119150-13-9,  
3H-Phenothiazine, 7-dipropylamino-3-propylimino-, propochloride  
(separation of)  
IT 119150-13-9, 3H-Phenothiazine, 7-dipropylamino-3-propylimino-,  
propochloride  
(separation of)  
RN 119150-13-9 CAPLUS  
CN 3H-Phenothiazine, 7-dipropylamino-3-propylimino-, propochloride (6CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



● Cl<sup>-</sup>

THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THIS REQUEST IS 52.60 U.S. DOLLARS  
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N:y

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:1007251 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:50342  
TITLE: Materials for optical medium copy-protection  
transiently reacting to a reader beam of optical disk

INVENTOR(S): Selinfreund, Richard H.; Gerber, Scott; Goyette, Donald R.; Colandreo, Michael; Vig, Rakesh; Li, Junzhong; Cook, Ewell; Turner, Tomeko  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Verification Technologies, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003107331	A1	20031224	WO 2003-US11975	20030417
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 2004121262	A1	20040624	US 2003-672052	20030926
WO 2004029672	A3	20050127	WO 2003-US30897	20030926
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 US 2002-389223P P 20020617  
 US 2002-390647P P 20020621  
 US 2002-391773P P 20020625  
 US 2002-391857P P 20020626  
 US 2002-393397P P 20020702  
 US 2002-413934P P 20020926

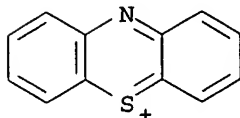
ED Entered STN: 26 Dec 2003  
 AB The invention relates to a method and system for providing copy-protected optical medium using transient optical state change security materials capable of changing optical state and software code to detect such change in optical state. The material protects stored information from copied by a conventional optical medium reader.  
 IC ICM G11B007-00  
 ICS B29D011-00  
 CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 41  
 IT 109-77-3P, Malononitrile 261-89-2DP, Phenothiazin-5-ium, tetraiodide salt 3484-22-8P 636602-79-4P 636602-80-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (copy protection dye of materials for optical medium)  
 IT 261-89-2DP, Phenothiazin-5-ium, tetraiodide salt  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(copy protection dye of materials for optical medium)

RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:595119 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:317129

TITLE: Phenothiazinium-based photosensitizers: antibacterials of the future?

AUTHOR(S): Phoenix, David A.; Harris, Frederick

CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Science, University of Central Lancashire, Preston, PR1 2HE, UK

SOURCE: Trends in Molecular Medicine (2003), 9(7), 283-285  
CODEN: TMMRCY; ISSN: 1471-4914

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 04 Aug 2003

AB A review. Phenothiazinium-based mols. exhibit phototoxicity against a broad range of bacteria. In general, these photosensitizers use several cellular uptake pathways, coupled to type II mechanisms of photo-oxidation, to inflict bacterial damage. These mols. show potential to act as novel alternatives to conventional antibiotics.

CC 8-0 (Radiation Biochemistry)  
Section cross-reference(s): 10

IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazinium, derivs.

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(phenothiazinium-based photosensitizers as antibacterials of future)

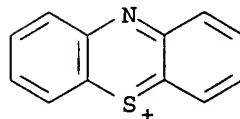
IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazinium, derivs.

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(phenothiazinium-based photosensitizers as antibacterials of future)

RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:927420 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:16590  
TITLE: Biologically active methylene blue derivatives  
INVENTOR(S): Brown, Stanley Beames; O'Grady, Cassandra Claire;  
Griffiths, John; Mellish, Kirste Joanne; Tunstall,  
Richard George; Roberts, David John Howard; Vernon,  
David Ian  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Photopharmica Limited, UK  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002096896	A1	20021205	WO 2002-GB2278	20020530
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
NZ 529682	A	20031219	NZ 2002-529682	20020530
EP 1392666	A1	20040303	EP 2002-726300	20020530
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
BR 2002009783	A	20040420	BR 2002-9783	20020530
JP 2005500271	T2	20050106	JP 2003-500075	20020530
US 2004147508	A1	20040729	US 2003-723420	20031126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2001-13121 A 20010530				
GB 2001-23945 A 20011005				
WO 2002-GB2278 W 20020530				

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:16590

ED Entered STN: 06 Dec 2002

AB This invention relates to biol. active photosensitizers which are strongly photocytotoxic and have application in the areas of photodynamic therapy, as well as for the diagnosis and detection of medical conditions, in the treatment of microbial infections, in photodisinfection and photosterilization. The examples provided are of methylene blue and its Et, Pr, Bu, pentyl and hexyl analogs. The latter compds. have antimicrobial and antitumor activity. Methylene blue analogs are suitable for inclusion in polymers such as cellulose triacetate, for adsorption on polymer surfaces, and for covalent attachment to polymer substrates. The analogs and derivs. are also suitable for use on medical devices and in food processing.

IC ICM C07D279-18

ICS A61K031-5415; A61P035-00; A61P031-04

CC 63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 8, 10, 17

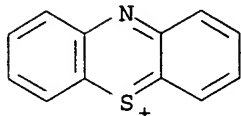
IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazinium, derivs.

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(methylene blue derivs. and analogs as photosensitizers in photodynamic

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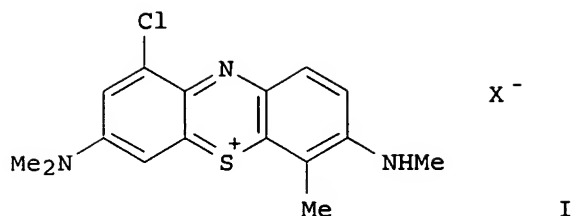
therapy and photodisinfection)  
IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazinium, derivs.  
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); FFD (Food or feed use); PAC  
(Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(methylene blue derivs. and analogs as photosensitizers in photodynamic  
therapy and photodisinfection)  
RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS  
CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:923783 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:37620  
TITLE: Diaminophenothiazine derivatives  
INVENTOR(S): Galey, Laurent  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fr.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: French  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001096322	A1	20011220	WO 2001-FR1888	20010615
W:			AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	
RW:			GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
FR 2810318	A1	20011221	FR 2000-7660	20000615
CA 2410824	AA	20011220	CA 2001-2410824	20010615
EP 1311498	A1	20030521	EP 2001-947506	20010615
R:			AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR	
US 2003158204	A1	20030821	US 2002-311005	20021212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 2000-7660	A 20000615
			WO 2001-FR1888	W 20010615
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 136:37620		
ED Entered STN:		21 Dec 2001		
GI				



AB Title compds. such as I (X- = organic or inorg. anion) were claimed for treatment of a variety of diseases. I are applicable in the biol. and/or chemical field.

IC ICM C07D279-18  
ICS A61K031-5415; A61P031-00; A61P033-06

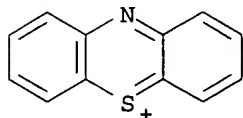
CC 28-14 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))

IT 261-89-2DP, Phenothiazinium, diamino derivs.  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

IT 261-89-2DP, Phenothiazinium, diamino derivs.  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:833129 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:362608

TITLE: Polyoxyalkylene block polymers as supports for photosensitizer formulations

INVENTOR(S): Chowdhary, Rubinah Kausar; Dolphin, David H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The University of British Columbia, Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001085213	A2	20011115	WO 2001-CA667	20010508
WO 2001085213	A3	20020801		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,



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RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ,  
VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,  
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,  
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2408332 AA 20011115 CA 2001-2408332 20010508  
US 2002061330 A1 20020523 US 2001-851606 20010508

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2000-202640P P 20000508  
WO 2001-CA667 W 20010508

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 2001

AB The invention is generally related to the field of formulating medicaments in association with a solid support. Such formulations of photosensitizers, and their use in photodynamic therapy, are exemplified. Block copolymers such as Poloxamers and Pluronic were screened for photosensitizer drug loading.

IC ICM A61K041-00

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 8

IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazinium, derivs. 574-93-6D, Phthalocyanine, derivs. 2683-78-5D, Bacteriochlorin, derivs. 2683-84-3D, Chlorin, derivs. 23627-89-6D, Naphthalocyanine, derivs. 67883-10-7D, Isobacteriochlorin, derivs. 75775-33-6D, Purpurin, derivs. 100572-96-1D, Porphycene, derivs. 129497-78-5, Verteporfin 189752-49-6D, Texaphyrin, derivs. 215808-49-4, A-EA6

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(polyoxyalkylene block polymers as supports for photosensitizer formulations)

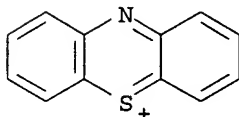
IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazinium, derivs.

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(polyoxyalkylene block polymers as supports for photosensitizer formulations)

RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L7 ANSWER 6 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:833128 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:376748

TITLE: Polyoxyalkylene block copolymers for drug delivery systems for photodynamic therapy

INVENTOR(S): Chowdhary, Rubinah Kausar; Dolphin, David H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The University of British Columbia, Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND

DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

WO 2001085212	A2	20011115	WO 2001-CA637	20010508
WO 2001085212	A3	20020808		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2408323	AA	20011115	CA 2001-2408323	20010508
US 2002155089	A1	20021024	US 2001-851641	20010508
US 6693093	B2	20040217		
US 2004102430	A1	20040527	US 2003-688090	20031017
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-202641P	P 20000508
			US 2001-851641	A1 20010508
			WO 2001-CA637	W 20010508

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 2001

AB The invention is generally related to the field of photodynamic therapy by use of photosensitizers and stabilized formulations of the photosensitizers. These formulations may be used to deliver a photosensitizer as a pharmaceutical, agricultural, or industrial agent. The photosensitizer containing formulations and compns. of the invention comprise one or more block copolymers. Furthermore, the invention relates to processes for the production of, and application of, said formulations and compns. as photosensitizer drug delivery systems. Block copolymers such as Poloxamers and Pluronic were screened for photosensitizer drug loading.

IC ICM A61K041-00

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 5, 8

IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazinium, derivs. 574-93-6D, Phthalocyanine, derivs. 2683-78-5D, Bacteriochlorin, derivs. 2683-84-3D, Chlorin, derivs. 2683-94-5D, derivs. 23627-89-6D, Naphthalocyanine, derivs. 24979-97-3, Polytetrahydrofuran 25608-40-6, Poly(aspartic acid) 26063-13-8, Poly(aspartic acid) 67883-10-7D, Isobacteriochlorin, derivs. 75775-33-6D, Purpurin, derivs. 100572-96-1D, Porphycene, derivs. 189752-49-6D, Texaphyrin, derivs. 373391-81-2D, derivs.

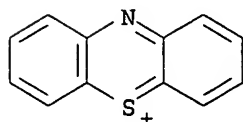
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(polyoxyalkylene block copolymers for drug delivery systems for photodynamic therapy)

IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazinium, derivs.

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(polyoxyalkylene block copolymers for drug delivery systems for photodynamic therapy)

RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L7 ANSWER 7 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:81613 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:152548  
TITLE: Method of treating leukocytes, leukocyte compositions and methods of use thereof  
INVENTOR(S): Greenman, William M.; Grass, Joshua A.; Talib, Soheli; Stassinopoulos, Adonis; Hei, Derek J.; Hearst, John E.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cerus Corporation, USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 113 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9903976	A2	19990128	WO 1998-US15067	19980721
WO 9903976	A3	19990527		
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2296366	AA	19990128	CA 1998-2296366	19980721
EP 1005531	A2	20000607	EP 1998-936943	19980721
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
AU 748074	B2	20020530	AU 1998-85776	19980721
AU 9885776	A1	19990210		
JP 2003520563	T2	20030708	JP 2000-503182	19980721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 1997-53599P	P 19970721
			US 1998-119707	A 19980720
			WO 1998-US15067	W 19980721

ED Entered STN: 08 Feb 1999

AB The invention provides methods and compns. for treating leukocytes to arrest proliferation of the leukocytes and render them ineffective in eliciting graft-vs.-host disease (GVHD), but effective to enhance engraftment of allogeneic donor cells and promote destruction of diseased cells or pathogens. The diseased cells are cancerous or virus-infected cells. Leukocyte compns. and methods of use of these compns. in alleviating disease, facilitating various types of immune reconstitution and immunotherapy, and enhancing engraftment of allogeneic donor cells, are also provided. These proliferation-inhibited leukocytes for use in transfusion are prepared by treating with replication inhibiting compound selecting from  $\beta$ -alanine, N-(acridin-9-yl), 2-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]ethyl ester and analogs, topoisomerase inhibitors, camptothecin, daunomycin, furocoumarins, actinomycins, psoralens, etc. Thus,  $\beta$ -alanine, N-(2-carbomethoxyacridin-9-yl), 2-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]ethyl ester dihydrochloride and other analogs were prepared and used.

IC ICM C12N005-00

CC 15-1 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 8

IT 66-97-7D, Psoralen, amino analogs 66-97-7D, Furocoumarin, analogs  
86-73-7D, Fluorene, analogs 91-22-5D, Quinoline, analogs, biological

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studies 92-82-0D, Phenazine, analogs 92-84-2D, Phenothiazine, analogs 147-14-8D, analogs 229-87-8D, Phenanthridine, analogs 260-94-6D, Acridine, analogs 261-89-2D, Phenazathionium, salts 298-81-7, 8-Methoxy psoralen 484-20-8, 5-Methoxy psoralen 486-25-9D, Fluorenone, analogs 492-22-8D, Thiaxanthenone, analogs 519-23-3D, Ellipticine, analogs 622-37-7D, Phenylazide, analogs 1402-38-6D, Actinomycin, analogs 3902-71-4, 4,5',8-Trimethylpsoralen 4803-27-4D, Anthramycin, analogs 7689-03-4, Camptothecin 20830-81-3, Daunomycin 64358-50-5, 4'-Aminomethyl-4,5',8-trimethylpsoralen 148937-53-5, Norphilin A 161262-29-9

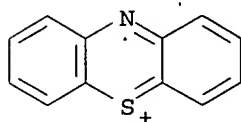
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of proliferation-inhibited leukocytes with replication-inhibiting compound or topoisomerase inhibitor for destructing cancerous or infected cells and pathogens)

IT 261-89-2D, Phenazathionium, salts

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of proliferation-inhibited leukocytes with replication-inhibiting compound or topoisomerase inhibitor for destructing cancerous or infected cells and pathogens)

RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L7 ANSWER 8 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:101242 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:101242

TITLE: Redox polymer-modified enzyme electrode for the electrochemical regeneration of coenzyme

INVENTOR(S): Skotheim, Terje; Okamoto, Yoshiyuki; Gorton, Lo G.; Lee, Hung Sui; Hale, Paul

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Moltech Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 18 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5264092	A	19931123	US 1991-770310	19911002
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-770310	19911002

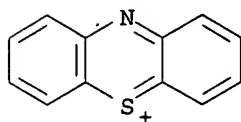
ED Entered STN: 05 Mar 1994

AB An electrochem. enzyme biosensor is disclosed for use in liquid mixts. of components for detecting or determining  $\geq 1$  selected components. The enzyme electrode of the invention includes a redox polymer immobilized on an electrode surface,  $\geq 1$  enzymes,  $\geq 1$  of which is a dehydrogenase, a coenzyme, and an electron collector. An alc. dehydrogenase/NAD<sup>+</sup>/Meldola Blue-polysiloxane/carbon paste electrode is described.

IC ICM G01N027-00

NCL 204153120

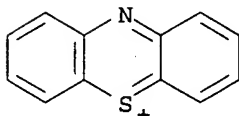
CC 9-1 (Biochemical Methods)  
 IT 92-31-9D, Toluidine blue O, complex with polyalkanes 92-82-0D,  
 Phenazine, derivs, polymer reaction products 261-79-0D,  
 Phenoxazin-5-ium, polymer reaction products 261-89-2D,  
 Phenothiazin-5-ium, polymer reaction products 581-30-6D,  
 Phenothiazin-3-one, derivs., polymer reaction products 1916-63-8D,  
 Phenoxazone, derivs., polymer reaction products 7057-57-0D, Meldola  
 blue, complex with siloxanes 9002-98-6D, Poly(ethyleneimine), reaction  
 products with redox mediators 25322-68-3D, Poly(ethylene oxide),  
 reaction products with redox mediators 84756-60-5D, 2(10H)-Phenazinone,  
 derivs., polymer reaction products  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (for enzyme electrode, coenzyme regeneration in relation to)  
 IT 261-89-2D, Phenothiazin-5-ium, polymer reaction products  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (for enzyme electrode, coenzyme regeneration in relation to)  
 RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L7 ANSWER 9 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:148766 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:148766  
 TITLE: Electron spin resonance and electron spin echo  
 modulation spectroscopic studies of the  
 photoionization of phenothiazine derivatives in alkyl  
 sulfate and alkyltrimethylammonium bromide micellar  
 solutions  
 AUTHOR(S): Baglioni, Piero; Hu, Ming; Kevan, Larry  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Houston, Houston, TX, 77204-5641,  
 USA  
 SOURCE: Journal of Physical Chemistry (1990), 94(6), 2586-90  
 CODEN: JPCHAX; ISSN: 0022-3654  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 ED Entered STN: 13 Apr 1990  
 AB Electron spin echo modulation and ESR of photoionized  $\omega$ -phenothiazin-  
 9-ylalkanesulfonate (alkyl = C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>13</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>25</sub>), 9-  
 alkylphenothiazinesulfonate (alkyl = CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>25</sub>), and methylphenothiazine  
 were studied as a function of the surfactant alkyl chain length of sodium  
 alkyl sulfate and alkyltrimethylammonium bromide micellar solns. in D<sub>2</sub>O,  
 with alkyl = decyl, dodecyl, and tetradecyl. Deuterium modulation effects  
 from x-doxylstearic acid interactions with water deuteriums indicate that  
 only the decyl surfactants form micelles with significant water  
 penetration at the micellar interface. The efficiency of charge separation  
 upon phenothiazine photoionization mainly depends on the strength of the  
 phenothiazine cation-water interactions which is partially controlled by  
 the phenothiazine and surfactant alkyl chain lengths, suggesting that a  
 particular location of the phenothiazine group near the micellar interface  
 is required to optimize the photoefficiency for charge separation  
 CC 74-1 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other  
 Reprographic Processes)

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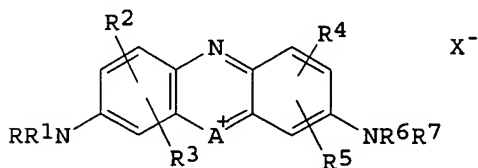
IT 261-89-2DP, Phenothiazin-5-ium, alkyl derivs.  
RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)  
(formation of, in photoionization of phenothiazine derivs. in micellar  
solns.)  
IT 261-89-2DP, Phenothiazin-5-ium, alkyl derivs.  
RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)  
(formation of, in photoionization of phenothiazine derivs. in micellar  
solns.)  
RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS  
CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L7 ANSWER 10 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:427355 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:27355  
TITLE: Sanitizing toilets  
INVENTOR(S): Hung, William Mo Wei; Knox, Jack Michael  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hilton-Davis Chemical Co., USA  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 45 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDW  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 128414	A2	19841219	EP 1984-105838	19840522
EP 128414	A3	19860910		
R: DE, FR, GB				
JP 60005157	A2	19850111	JP 1984-112880	19840601
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1983-501466	A 19830606
			US 1983-550662	A 19831110

ED Entered STN: 27 Jul 1985  
GI

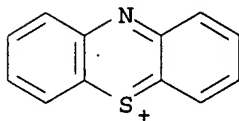


AB Automatic sanitizing of flush toilets comprises dispensing a water soluble phenothiazinium or phenoxazinium dyestuff I (R = R1 = R6 = R7 = H, halogen, alkyl, benzyl, etc.; R2 = R5 = H, OH, alkyl, etc.; R3 = R4 = H, SO3M; M = metal cation; A = O, S; X = anion) and a sanitizing agent such as a hypochlorite into the bowl with each flush. I is resistant to attack by the sanitizing agent and thus provides color to the bowl water during

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the time period that the water remains in the bowl between flushes. Thus, FD & C Blue Number 1 [3844-45-9] and NaOCl were combined and a visible spectrum taken at 0-304 min. The effectiveness of the composition was also demonstrated.

IC E03D009-02  
ICA C09B019-00; C09B021-00  
CC 63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)  
IT 261-79-0D, derivs. 261-89-2D, derivs. 2353-45-9 3844-45-9  
33203-82-6 97068-16-1 97068-17-2 97068-18-3  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(toilet flush water containing sanitizing agent and)  
IT 261-89-2D, derivs.  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(toilet flush water containing sanitizing agent and)  
RN 261-89-2 CAPLUS  
CN Phenothiazin-5-ium (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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DOCUMENTATION NOW AVAILABLE IN DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX  
FIRST VIEW - FILE WPIFV.  
FOR FURTHER DETAILS: <http://www.thomsonderwent.com/dwpifv> <<<

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HIT STRUCTURES WITHIN THE BIBLIOGRAPHIC DOCUMENT <<<

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Derwent Chemistry Resource display fields <<<

>>> THE CPI AND EPI MANUAL CODES HAVE BEEN REVISED FROM UPDATE 200501.

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PLEASE CHECK:

<http://thomsonderwent.com/support/dwpieref/reftools/classification/code-revision/>  
FOR DETAILS. <<<

=> d que 111

L8 1848 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON METHYLENE BLUE OR PHENOTHIAZINIUM  
L9 185 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 (S) DERIV?  
L10 775 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON DIPROPYLAMIN? OR DI(3A)  
PROPYL(3A) AMIN###  
L11 0 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 AND L10

=> d que 115

L8 1848 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON METHYLENE BLUE OR PHENOTHIAZINIUM  
L9 185 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 (S) DERIV?  
L14 2 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON DINITROPHENOTHIAZIN?  
L15 0 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 AND L14

=> d que 117

L8 1848 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON METHYLENE BLUE OR PHENOTHIAZINIUM  
L10 775 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON DIPROPYLAMIN? OR DI(3A)  
PROPYL(3A) AMIN###  
L17 1 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 AND L10

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L17 ANSWER 1 OF 1 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
AN 1981-75492D [41] WPIDS  
TI Stabilised Romanowsky stain solution - contains ammonium halide or prim.,  
sec. or tert. alkylamine hydrohalide as stabiliser.  
DC B04  
IN LIAO, J C; PATEL, P; PONZO, J L  
PA (MILE) MILES LAB INC  
CYC 19  
PI US 4290769 A 19810922 (198141)\* 3  
EP 49833 A 19820421 (198217) EN  
R: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE  
NO 8103333 A 19820510 (198222)  
DK 8104544 A 19820601 (198225)  
FI 8103157 A 19820531 (198225)  
JP 57094052 A 19820611 (198229)  
ZA 8104884 A 19820930 (198251)  
CA 1156541 A 19831108 (198349)  
EP 49833 B 19850116 (198504) EN  
R: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE  
IL 63177 A 19841031 (198506)  
DE 3168348 G 19850228 (198510)  
JP 63045542 B 19880909 (198840)  
ADT EP 49833 A EP 1981-107851 19811002; JP 57094052 A JP 1981-160384 19811009  
PRAI US 1980-196365 19801014  
AB US 4290769 A UPAB: 19960405  
Stain containing azures, Methylene Blue and an eosin dye  
in a methanol solution is stabilised by (1) an ammoniumhalide and/or (2) a  
mono-, di- or tri-(1-6C alkyl) amine hydrohalide (I). The halide is  
chloride, bromide or iodide. Pref. the stabiliser is present in amount



0.1-1.2 weight% of solution The stabiliser is pref. (I), especially diethylamine, dipropylamine, dibutylamine tripropylamine or tributylamine hydrohalide (especially the hydrochloride). Typically the stain to be stabilised is Wright's or Giesma's solns. Pref. the stabiliser is diethylamine hydrochloride (Ia) used in amount 0.6 weight% of the solution The stain is useful for staining blood systems. The compsn. provides good stain performance, is highly soluble and is effective in reducing component changes. The precipitation problems associated with conventional stains are eliminated, and the stabilised stain has a shelf life of 2.5-3 yrs.

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